

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(MARK ONE)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (D)
 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (D)
 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 001-13467

COMMONWEALTH BIOTECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(EXACT NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS ISSUER AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

VIRGINIA
 (STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION
 OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

54-1641133
 (I.R.S. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NO.)

601 Biotech Drive, Richmond, Virginia 23235
 (ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

(804) 648-3820
 (ISSUER'S TELEPHONE NUMBER)

Check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No
 --- ---

As of August 13, 1999, 1,643,727 shares of common stock, no par value, of the registrant were outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one) Yes: No: X
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PART I
 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.
 COMMONWEALTH BIOTECHNOLOGIES, INC.
 CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

<TABLE>
 <CAPTION>

	JUNE 30, 1999	DECEMBER 31,
	-----	-----
1998		
--	(UNAUDITED)	

<S> <C>		
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 351,476	\$ 2,091,586
Accounts Receivable	347,540	302,936
Prepaid Expenses & Inventory	158,848	76,500
	-----	-----
-		
Total Current Assets	\$ 857,864	\$ 2,471,022
PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	\$ 7,132,459	\$ 7,263,788
	-----	-----

OTHER ASSETS			
	Restricted Cash	\$ 407,015	\$ 402,991
	Bond Issue Cost, net	254,809	260,181
	Deposits	3,200	3,200
		-----	-----
	Total Other Assets	\$ 665,024	\$ 666,372
		-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS			
		\$ 8,655,347	\$ 10,401,182
		=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	Accounts Payable & Other Current Liabilities	\$ 315,320	\$ 797,597
	Deferred Revenue	-	67,286
	Demand Note	224,680	249,680
		-----	-----
	Total Current Liabilities	\$ 540,000	\$ 1,114,563
		-----	-----
	Long term Debt Bonds	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000
		-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES			
		\$ 4,540,000	\$ 5,114,563
		-----	-----
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
	Common Stock, no par value		
	10,000,000 authorized, June 30, 1999		
	1,643,727, December 31, 1998 1,633,214	\$ -	\$ -
	Additional Paid-in-Capital	8,901,742	8,838,664
	Deficit	(4,786,395)	(3,552,045)
		-----	-----
	Total Stockholder's Equity	\$ 4,115,347	\$ 5,286,619
		-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY			
		\$ 8,655,347	\$ 10,401,182
		=====	=====

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

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COMMONWEALTH BIOTECHNOLOGIES, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>				
<CAPTION>				
		THREE MONTHS	THREE MONTHS	SIX MONTHS
SIX MONTHS		ENDED JUNE 30, 1999	ENDED JUNE 30, 1998	ENDED JUNE 30, 1999
ENDED JUNE 30, 1998				
<S>	<C>			
REVENUE				
Short Term Projects	\$	212,357	\$ 189,432	\$ 432,595
499,245				
Long Term Projects		204,824	146,501	419,140
286,937				
Research Grants		69,438	39,783	142,401
88,771				
AccuTrac		25,650	-	30,800
-				
		-----	-----	-----
Total Revenue	\$	512,269	\$ 375,716	\$ 1,024,936
				\$

874,953	-----	-----	-----	

COST AND EXPENSES				
Cost of Services	\$ 367,577	\$ 310,953	\$ 678,256	\$
566,675				
Sales, Gen. And Admin.	641,679	577,526	1,250,734	
1,114,590				
Research and Development	128,467	110,268	247,105	
213,260	-----	-----	-----	

TOTAL COST AND EXPENSES	\$ 1,137,723	\$ 998,747	\$ 2,176,095	\$
1,894,525	-----	-----	-----	

OPERATING LOSS	\$ (625,454)	\$ (623,031)	\$ (1,151,159)	\$
(1,019,572)	-----	-----	-----	

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest Expense	\$ (74,489)	\$ (66,265)	\$ (150,417)	\$
(84,565)				
Other Income	12,974	111,514	67,226	
194,153	-----	-----	-----	

Total Other Income (Expense)	\$ (61,515)	\$ 45,249	\$ (83,191)	\$
109,588	-----	-----	-----	

NET LOSS	\$ (686,969)	\$ (577,782)	\$ (1,234,350)	\$
(909,984)	=====	=====	=====	
=====				
LOSS PER SHARE, BASIC	\$ (0.42)	\$ (0.36)	\$ (0.75)	\$
(0.56)				
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES				
OUTSTANDING	1,642,397	1,620,918	1,639,716	
1,620,717				

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

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COMMONWEALTH BIOTECHNOLOGIES, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 30, 1999	JUNE 30, 1998
	-----	-----
<S> <C>		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Loss	\$ (1,234,350)	\$ (909,984)
Adjustments to reconcile loss to		
net cash used in operating		
Activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	267,741	142,448
Loss on disposal of equipment	-	11,275
Interest earned on restricted cash	-	(45,461)
Changes in:		
Accounts receivable	(44,604)	(15,328)
Prepaid expenses & Inventory	(82,348)	(25,400)

Restricted Cash	(4,024)	-
Customer deposits	(59,736)	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(489,828)	(58,065)
	-----	-----
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,647,149)	\$ (900,515)
	=====	=====
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property plant and equipment	\$ (131,039)	\$ (426,794)
	=====	=====
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of Common Stock	\$ 63,078	\$ 7,200
Bond issue costs	-	(184,697)
Principal payments on demand note	(25,000)	(30,000)
	-----	-----
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ 38,078	\$ (207,497)
	=====	=====
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ (1,740,110)	\$ (1,534,806)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	\$ 2,091,586	\$ 6,273,765
	=====	=====
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END ING	\$ 351,476	\$ 4,738,959
	=====	=====
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES		
CASH PAID FOR INTEREST	\$ 145,041	\$ 70,925
	-----	-----

</TABLE>

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

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Notes To Condensed Financial Statements

- (1) In the opinion of the Company, the accompanying condensed financial statements which are unaudited, except for the condensed balance sheet dated December 31, 1998 contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position as of June 30, 1999 and December 31 1998 and the results of operations and cash flows for the three and six months periods ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 and cash flows for the six month periods ended June 30, 1999 and 1998.
- (2) The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.
- (3) Earnings (loss) per share: The Company follows the guidance provided in FASB Statement No. 128, Earnings Per Share, which establishes standards for computing and presenting earnings per share and applies to entities with publicly held common stock or potential common stock. Those entities that have only common stock outstanding are required to present basic earnings per share amounts. All other entities are required to present basic and diluted per share amounts. Diluted per share amounts assume the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock instruments such as options, warrants and convertible securities, unless the effect is to reduce a loss or increase earnings per share. At June 30, 1999 the Company had stock options outstanding which were anti-dilutive since the Company incurred a net loss for all periods presented.

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The following should be read in conjunction with the unaudited Financial Statements and related Notes thereto of Commonwealth Biotechnologies, Inc. ("the Company") included herein.

OVERVIEW

The Company's revenues are derived principally from providing macromolecular synthetic and analytical services to researchers in the biotechnology industry or who are engaged in life sciences research in government or academic labs throughout the world. Development of innovative technologies for biotechnology requires sophisticated laboratory techniques and the Company provides these services to customers on a contract basis. The Company's customers consist of private companies, academic institutions and government agencies, all of which use biological processes to develop products for health care, agricultural, and other purposes.

The Company generally derives revenue from two types of customers: those who require a discrete set of services ("short-term projects"), and those who contract with the Company on an extended basis for performance of a variety of integrated services ("long-term projects"). More often than not, the Company's customers provide repeat business to the Company. Historically, a majority of the Company's net revenues have been earned under short-term projects. However, the Company views long-term projects as the more important source of revenue, and has begun to focus its efforts on identifying long-term customers. Long-term projects generally range from a few months to more than a year. Revenue from these services is generally recognized as services are rendered or as products are delivered. In some cases, a portion of the contract fee is paid at the time the project has commenced, with performance-based installments payable over the contract duration as milestones are achieved.

The Company also derives revenues from government grants that fund the bulk of the Company's research efforts for its proprietary technologies. Unlike its short-term or long-term contract services, research and development on the Company's proprietary technologies focuses on commercializing technologies, which the Company owns or licenses from third parties. All government grants are expense reimbursement grants which provide for reimbursement on a monthly basis of the Company's direct costs incurred in a research project, plus indirect costs stated as a percentage of direct costs.

In January 1999, the Company began sales of a new reagent (AccuTrac™) which facilitates the process of automated DNA sequence analysis. In this respect, the Company anticipates broadening its revenue base by direct sales of this reagent to its clients. AccuTrac™, was developed within the Company and stems directly from the Company's R&D programs.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1999 COMPARED WITH THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998.

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REVENUES

Gross revenues increased by \$136,553 or 36.3% from \$375,716 during the second quarter of 1998 ("the 1998 Quarter") to \$512,269 during the second quarter of 1999 ("the 1999 Quarter").

SHORT TERM PROJECTS

Revenues realized from short-term projects increased by \$22,925 or 12.1% from \$189,432 during the 1998 Quarter to \$212,357 the 1999 Quarter. This increase is primarily due to increased sales of peptide synthesis and amino acid analysis for new customers placing orders with the Company. Revenues realized from all other core technologies remained essentially constant.

LONG TERM PROJECTS

Revenues realized from various long-term projects increased by \$58,323 or 39.8%, from \$146,501 during the 1998 Quarter to \$204,824 during the 1999 Quarter. This increase is primarily due to work being done on fourteen individual projects, compared to six projects in progress during the 1998 Quarter.

RESEARCH GRANTS

The Company experienced an increase in revenue realized from government grants in the amount of \$29,655, or 74.5%, from \$39,783 during the 1998 Quarter to \$69,438 during the 1999 Quarter. This increase is primarily due to the

continuation of work on three grants during the 1999 Quarter, compared to only one grant during the 1998 Quarter.

ACCUTRAC(TM) REVENUE

The Company began sales of a new reagent (AccuTracTM) which facilitates the process of automated DNA sequence analysis. Revenues during the 1999 Quarter amounted to \$25,560. There were no sales during the 1998 Quarter.

COST OF SERVICES

Cost of services consists primarily of laboratory supplies, labor, and miscellaneous indirect costs. The cost of services increased by \$56,624, or 18.2%, from \$310,953 during the 1998 Quarter to \$367,577 during 1999 Quarter.

DIRECT MATERIALS

The costs for direct materials decreased by \$5,037, or 3.4%, from \$146,561 during the 1998 Quarter to \$141,524 during the 1999 Quarter. Increased controls in the ordering of reagents contributed to the decrease of costs.

DIRECT LABOR

Labor costs increased by \$68,927, or 53.6%, from \$128,577 during the 1998 Quarter to \$197,504 during the 1999 Quarter. This increase reflects a reallocation of the Company's resources to the general operations of the business from the research and development area. This reallocation is necessary

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to support the additional long-term projects initiated by the Company during the 1999 Quarter.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

Sales, general and administrative expenses ("SGA") consist primarily of compensation and related costs for administrative, marketing and sales personnel, facility expenditures, professional fees, depreciation, office expenditures and other costs. Total SGA costs increased by \$64,153, or 10.0%, from \$577,526 during the 1998 Quarter to \$641,679 during 1999 Quarter.

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS

Total Compensation and Benefits decreased by \$72,902 or 29.0% from \$250,979 during the 1998 Quarter to \$178,077 during the 1999 Quarter. This decrease is primarily attributable to the resignation of one of the Company's executive officers, who opted to return to his former academic position. Additional reductions are due to reassigning a portion of management salaries allocated to direct labor and research and development.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Professional fees increased by \$19,669 or 24.9%, from \$78,829 during the 1998 Quarter to \$98,498 during the 1999 Quarter. This increase is primarily due costs associated with compiling and publishing the Company's annual report. In addition, initial expenditures for real estate taxes associated with the new facility were realized during the 1999 Quarter.

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation increased by \$61,345 or 87.0% from \$70,505 during the 1998 Quarter to \$131,850 during the 1999 Quarter. Increased depreciation costs are attributable to the purchase of additional laboratory equipment consistent with expanding the Company's technology base. In addition, depreciation includes costs for the new corporate facility in which the Company began full operations in December 1998. There were no depreciation costs in the 1998 Quarter for any facility costs by the Company.

MARKETING

Marketing costs increased by \$47,067 or 75.4%, from \$62,402 during the 1998 Quarter to \$109,469 during the 1999 Quarter. Salaries and fringe benefits, expenditures for a new brochure, additional advertising in the professional journals, implementation of an advertising campaign for AccuTracTM, contract costs with a media relations firm, travel, and trade show expenditures contributed to these increased costs.

In September, 1998, the Company entered into a contract with the Mattson Jack Group to perform a global market assessment of the Company's potential human therapeutic, HepArrestTM. Total costs during the 1999 Quarter of the Mattson Jack Group contract amounted to \$15,102.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development costs within the Company fall into two general categories: grant-related research and development and in-house research and development. These categories are distinguished in the Company by those performed in support of government grant-sponsored programs, and those performed in the absence of such grants and funded from working capital. Total expenditures for these two categories increased by \$18,199, or 16.5%, from \$110,268 during the 1998 Quarter to \$128,467 during the 1999 Quarter.

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GRANT RELATED RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

Expenditures to perform grant-related research activities increased by \$30,629 or 85.8%, from \$35,707 during the 1998 Quarter to \$66,336 during the 1999 Quarter. Increase costs are primarily due to the continuation of work on three grants.

IN-HOUSE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

Expenditures made by the Company for in-house research activities decreased by \$12,197 or 16.4%, from \$74,328 during the 1998 Quarter to \$62,131 during the 1999 Quarter. This decrease is primarily due to the reallocating of salaries from research and development to direct labor.

OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income decreased by \$98,540 or 88.4% from \$111,514 during the 1998 Quarter to \$12,974 during the 1999 Quarter. These funds are derived from investing the unused portion of the funds realized by the Company from the private placement of convertible notes in June 1997, and initial public offering of common stock in October 1997 (IPO). Interest income is also derived from investing the unused portion of the funds-realized by the Company from the successful sale (March, 1998) of Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRBs) for construction of the Company's new facility. Interest income in both categories decreased due to the use of these funds throughout the 1998 fiscal year.

Interest costs increased by \$8,249 or 13.0% from \$63,554 during the 1998 Quarter to \$71,803 during the 1999 Quarter. These costs incurred by the Company included (1) interest paid to financial institutions as loans made to the Company; (2) interest paid for the Company's IRBs; and (3) amortization of costs incurred as a consequence of the completion of the Company's IRB financing.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1999 COMPARED WITH SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1998.

REVENUES

Gross revenues increased by \$149,983 or 17.1% from \$874,953 during the 1998 Period ("the 1998 Period") to \$1,024,936 during the 1999 Period. ("the 1999 Period").

SHORT TERM PROJECTS

Revenues realized from short-term projects decreased by \$66,650 13.4% from \$499,245 during the 1998 Period to \$432,595 during the 1999 Period. Revenues realized from peptide synthesis increased by \$32,682 or 38.0% from \$85,940 during the 1998 Period to \$118,622 during the 1999 Period. Revenues attributable to protein sequencing increased by \$11,606 or 18.0%, from \$64,325 during the 1998 Period to \$75,931 during the 1999 Period. Revenues derived from peptide synthesis and protein sequencing increased primarily due to the continuation of new customers placing orders with the Company. Revenues from two new core technologies, Genetic Analysis and Molecular Biology, reported revenues during the 1999 Period of \$6,300 and \$20,565 respectfully. There were no sales during the 1998 Period for these services. Revenues from DNA Sequencing decreased by \$144,380 or 58.2% from \$248,178 during the 1998 Period to \$103,798 during the 1999 Period. This decrease is primarily due to a change in the marketplace wherein most DNA sequence activities are becoming associated with long-term projects. DNA and RNA synthesis increased by \$12,674 or 44.3% from \$28,590 during the 1998 Period to \$41,264 during the 1999 Period. This increase is primarily due to new customers placing orders with The Company.

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Other "uncategorized" revenues decreased by \$16,993 or 34.6% from \$49,156 during the 1998 Period to \$32,163 during the 1999 Period. This decrease is primarily due to administrative changes in invoicing; revenues previously identified as "Other" are now more properly classed under defined work items within the Company. Revenues realized from all other core technologies remained essentially constant.

LONG TERM PROJECTS

Revenues realized from various long-term projects increased by \$132,203 or 46.1%, from \$286,937 during the 1998 period to \$419,140 during the 1999 Period. This increase is primarily due to work being done on twenty-two individual projects during the 1999 Period compared to only eight projects in progress during the 1998 Period. The Company's management continues to take an active role in negotiating new contracts. However, management is unable to say with certainty when or whether any additional long-term contracts will be awarded.

RESEARCH GRANTS

The Company experienced an increase in revenue realized from government grants in the amount of \$53,630, or 60.4%, from \$88,771 during the 1998 Period to \$142,401 during the 1999 Period. This increase is primarily due to the continuation of work on three grants. During the 1999 Period, the Company had one ongoing Phase II Small Business Technology Research grant (SBTR) from the National Institutes of Health (NIH). Revenues earned in the 1999 Period amounted to \$51,801. In addition, the Company was awarded a (\$200,000) Phase II Small Business Innovative Research Award (SBIR) from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for development of a Diagnostic for Equine Infectious Anemia Infection. Revenues earned in the 1999 Period amounted to \$53,548. The Company anticipates completion of the project by August, 2000. The Company was also awarded a Phase I SBIR award (\$100,000) from the NIH for development of Rapid Assay Methods for the Detection of Botulism. Revenues earned in the 1999 Period amounted to \$37,052. The Company anticipates this project will be completed by July 1999. Work began on the last two grants in late September 1998.

ACCUTRAC(TM) REVENUE

The Company began sales of a new reagent (AccuTrac(TM)) which facilitates the process of automated DNA sequence analysis. Revenues during the 1999 Period amounted to \$30,800. There were no sales during the 1998 Period.

The Company experiences quarterly fluctuations in all revenue categories. Continuation of existing projects, or engagement for future projects is usually dependent upon the customer's satisfaction with the scientific results provided on initial phases of the scientific program. Continuation of existing projects or engagement of future projects also often depends upon factors beyond the Company's control, such as the timing of product development and commercialization programs of the Company's customers. The Company is unable to predict for more than a few months in advance the volume and dollar amount of future projects in any given period. The combined impact of commencement and termination of research contracts from several large customers and unpredictable fluctuations in revenue for laboratory services can result in very large fluctuations in financial performance from period to period.

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COST OF SERVICES

Cost of services consists primarily of labor, laboratory supplies and miscellaneous indirect costs. The cost of services increased by \$111,581 or 19.7%, from \$566,675 during the 1998 Period to \$678,256 during 1999 Period. The cost of services as a percentage of revenue was 64.8% and 66.2% during 1998 and 1999, respectively.

DIRECT LABOR

Labor costs increased by \$101,638, or 40.8%, from \$249,350 during the 1998 Period to \$350,988 during the 1999 Period. This increase reflects a reallocation of the Company's resources to the general operations of the business from the research and development area. This reallocation is necessary to support the additional long-term projects initiated by the Company during the 1999 Period.

DIRECT MATERIALS

The costs for direct materials increased by \$13,442, or 5.0%, from \$269,913 during the 1998 Period to \$283,355 during the 1999 Period. This moderate increase reflects the Company's concerted efforts to hold down costs.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

Sales, general and administrative expenses ("SGA") consist primarily of compensation and related costs for administrative, marketing and sales personnel, facility expenditures, professional fees, consulting, taxes, and depreciation. Total SGA costs increased by \$136,144, or 12.2%, from \$1,114,591 during the 1998 Period to \$1,250,734 during 1999 Period. As a percentage of revenue, these costs were 127.4% and 122.0% during 1998 and 1999, respectively.

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS

Total Compensation and Benefits decreased by \$103,038 or 22.5% from \$458,693 during the 1998 Period to \$355,655 during the 1999 Period. This decrease is primarily attributable to the resignation of one of the Company's executive officers who has opted to return to his former professional position. Additional reductions are due to reassigning a portion of management salaries allocated to direct labor and research and development.

FACILITY COSTS

Costs for facilities increased by \$13,983, or 14.3%, from \$98,012 during the 1998 Period to \$111,995 during the 1999 Period. The costs for leasing laboratory space for its operations decreased by \$73,915 or 88.4% from \$83,582 during the 1998 Period to \$9,667 during the 1999 Period. This decrease is primarily due to the relocation of the Company to its new corporate headquarters. However, additional costs associated with the relocation and new to the Company include electricity (\$57,724), gas utility bills (\$11,722), water usage (\$2,296), janitorial services (\$5,135) and landscaping (\$4,697). In the 1998 Period, these costs were included in our monthly lease payment. Telephone use increased by \$5,721 due to a one-time charge for software on the implementation of the new telephone system.

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PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Professional services include professional fees, consulting, dues and subscriptions and taxes and licenses. Professional Services increased by \$29,968 or 21.4%, from \$144,803 during the 1998 Period to \$174,771 to the 1999 Period. This increase is primarily due to personnel property, real estate, and sales tax paid by The Company during the 1999 Period. Consulting fees increased due to the payment of a management fee for the successful hiring of a sales representative on the west coast.

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation increased by \$122,241 or 87.3% from \$140,101 during the 1998 Period to \$262,342 during the 1999 Period. Increased depreciation costs are attributable to the purchase of additional laboratory equipment consistent with expanding the Company's technology base. In addition depreciation costs include the new corporate facility which began full operations in December 1998. There were no depreciation costs in the 1998 Period for any facility costs associated by the Company.

MARKETING

Marketing costs increased by \$63,053 or 47.3%, from \$133,359 during the 1998 Period to \$196,412 during the 1999 Period. Salaries and fringe benefits, expenditures for a new brochure, additional advertising in the professional journals, implementation of an advertising campaign for AccuTrac(TM), contract costs with a media relations firm, travel, and trade show expenditures contributed to these increased costs.

In September, 1998, the Company entered into a contract with the Mattson Jack Group to perform a global market assessment of the Company's potential human therapeutic, HepArrest(TM). Total costs during the 1999 Period of the Mattson Jack Group contract amounted to \$31,561.

SELLING

Expenditures during the 1999 Period increased by \$9,841 or 34.8%, from \$28,300 during the 1998 Period to \$38,141 during the 1999 Period. Costs associated with selling include personnel, travel, and office expenses.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development costs within the Company fall into two general categories: grant-related research and development and in-house research and development. These categories are distinguished in the Company by work performed in support of government grant-sponsored programs, and those performed in the absence of such grants and funded from working capital. Total expenditures for these two categories increased by \$33,845, or 15.9%, from \$213,260 during the 1998 Period to \$247,105 during the 1999 Period. Total grant-related research and in-house research as a percentage of revenue were 24.4% and 24.1% during 1998 and 1999, respectively.

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GRANT RELATED RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

Expenditures to perform grant-related research activities increased by \$63,308 or 99.9%, from \$63,374 during the 1998 Period to \$126,682 during the 1999 Period. Increase costs are primarily due to the continuation of work on three grants. All costs associated with grant related research activities are reimbursed to the Company on a periodic basis.

During the 1999 Period, the Company had one ongoing Phase II Small Business Technology Research grant (SBTR) grant from the National Institutes of Health (NIH). Expenses incurred through the 1999 Period amounted to \$50,137. In addition, the Company was awarded a (\$200,000) Phase II Small Business Innovative Research Award (SBIR) from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for development of a Diagnostic for Equine Infectious Anemia Infection. Expenses incurred through the 1999 Period amounted to \$44,613. The Company anticipates completion of the project by August, 2000. The Company was also awarded a Phase I SBIR award (\$100,000) from the NIH for development of Rapid Assay Methods for the Detection of Botulism. Expenditures incurred through the 1999 Period amounted to \$31,931. The Company anticipates the project to be completed by July 1999. Work began in late September 1998, on the last two grants.

IN-HOUSE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

Expenditures made by the Company for in-house research activities decreased by \$29,463 or 19.7%, from \$149,886 during the 1998 Period to \$120,423 during the 1999 Period. This decrease is primarily due to the reallocating of salaries from research and development to direct labor. This reallocation was necessary to support the additional long-term projects initiated by the Company. However, the Company continues to be actively engaged in establishing fundamental methods for genetic testing for agricultural and human applications, in developing methods of genome sequence analysis, and in pursuing fundamental research related to potential uses of HepArrest in drug formulation. In addition the Company is continuing its in-house research and development efforts with AccuTrac (TM).

OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income is derived from investing the unused portion of the funds realized by the Company from the private placement of convertible notes in June 1997, and initial public offering of common stock in October 1997 (IPO). Interest income is also derived from investing the unused portion of the funds-realized by the Company from the successful sale (March, 1998) of Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRBs) for construction of the Company's new facility. Other income represents funding from the Virginia Business Assistance Program for the training of new employees.

Interest income to the Company decreased by \$119,183, or 80.0% from \$148,692 during the 1998 Period to \$29,509 during the 1999 Period. Interest income realized from unused funds from the IPO decreased due to the use of these funds throughout the 1999 and 1998 fiscal years. Interest income earned from the unused portion of the funds realized from the sale of IRBs decreased by \$35,937, or 79.1% from \$45,461 during the 1998 Period to \$9,524 during the 1999 Period. Interest income realized from sale of the IRB's decreased due to the use of these funds throughout the 1999 and 1998 fiscal years. Other Income of \$28,193, as mentioned above, represents funds for training assistance awarded by the Virginia Business Assistance Program (Workforce Services) for new employees of the Company. This program enables the Company to implement training both from an orientation as well as safety program for all new employees who have been with the Company for at least ninety days.

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Interest costs incurred by the Company during the 1999 and 1998 Periods included (1) interest paid to financial institutions as loans made to the Company; 2) interest paid for the Company's IRBs; and 3) amortization of costs incurred as a consequence of the completion of the Company's IRB financing. Total interest expenses increased by \$63,562 or 78.0% from \$81,483 during the 1998 Period to \$145,041 during the 1999 Period. This increase is primarily due the payment of six months interest for the Company's IRBs during the 1999 Period as compared to three months and fifteen days during the 1998 Period.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Consistent with the Company's implementation of its growth strategy, 1999 showed a net operating cash outflow in the amount of \$1,647,149, as compared to an outflow of \$900,515 in 1998. The decrease in both years is due to the continuation of substantial investments made by the Company in facility costs, personnel, equipment, sales, and marketing efforts. These cost outlays were made possible by capital realized from the Company's private placement of convertible notes and initial public offering of common stock. The use of cash in 1999 was fully anticipated by Management. However based on expected cash out-flow, management anticipates that unless the Company becomes profitable, the remaining cash available invested by the Company will be needed for general operations.

Net working capital as of June 30, 1999 and June 30, 1998 was \$317,864 and \$4,459,702 respectively. This decrease is a direct result of capital expenditures on new scientific instrumentation, computers, and furniture and fixtures, costs associated with the new facility, implementation of marketing and selling divisions within the Company, and costs associated with additional staffing and direct materials necessary to expand the Company's technology offerings.

IRBs sold by the Company (in the amount of \$4,000,000) were issued by the Virginia Small Business Financing Authority. The IRBs were issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust dated March 15, 1998, between the Virginia Small Business Financing Authority and Crestar Bank, a Virginia banking association, the named Trustee. The IRBs were issued and sold to facilitate construction of the Company's facility in the Gateway Centre Development at 601 Biotech Drive in Chesterfield County, Virginia. Funds generated by the sale of the IRBs are restricted and may only be used for the construction of the Company's new facility. Construction of the new facility began in early June and was completed in late November 1998. Of the \$4,000,000 issued by the Virginia Small Business Financing Authority, \$404,369 remains as restricted cash on the balance sheet of the Company as of June 30, 1999. All of the Company's administrative and research operations have been consolidated into this facility and are fully operational.

YEAR 2000 PROJECT

The Company is working to resolve the potential impact of the Year 2000 on the ability of the Company's computerized information systems to accurately process information that may be date-sensitive. Any of the Company's programs that recognize a date using "00" as the year 1900 rather than 2000 could result in errors or system failures. The Company is in the process of making its assessment of the potential impact of the Year 2000 issue. As of August 14, 1999:

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- o The Company's financial institutions are in the process of addressing Year 2000 compliance issues. Approximately 85% of the financial institutions that the Company conducts transactions are Year 2000 compliant and anticipate the process to be completed by the end of the third quarter of 1999.
- o During 1998 the Company upgraded its general accounting system to a Year 2000 compliant version. During the first quarter of 1999, the Company tested the general accounting software. This software is considered to be Year 2000 compliant.
- o The Company has completed the process of updating payroll system to meet Year 2000 compliance standards.
- o The Company believes that equipment purchased by the Company during 1999 and 1998 is considered to be Year 2000 compliant.
- o The Company's instrumentation is stand alone and not networked to any other systems. The Company believes therefore that our equipment is not date sensitive and therefore will not have to be replaced or improved.
- o The Company is currently communicating with suppliers and customers to determine the extent to which they have addressed Year 2000 issues. The Company is in the process of contacting its suppliers to determine if the business operations are Year 2000 compliant. Ninety surveys have been mailed to our major suppliers to address this issue on whether they are Year 2000 compliant. As of August 2, 1999, the Company has received fifty-one responses to the survey. Out of the survey's returned, all have stated that they are Year 2000 compliant or will be in compliance by the third quarter in 1999. Follow up letters for the remaining survey will be mailed out. Twenty-four surveys have been mailed to our major customers to address this issue on whether they are Year 2000 compliant. As of August 2, 1999, the Company has received six responses to the survey. Out of the survey's returned, all have stated that they are Year 2000 compliant or will be in compliance by the third quarter in 1999. Follow up letters for the remaining survey will be mailed out.

The Company believes that it will complete its Year 2000 program by the end of the third quarter of 1999. The Company believes that costs associated

with Year 2000 compliance will not exceed \$30,000, and will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Management has included herein certain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used, statements which are not historical in nature, including the words "anticipated", "estimate", "should", "expect", "believe", "intend", and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are, by their nature, subject to certain risks and uncertainties.

Among the factors-that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those projected are the following:

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- o business conditions and the general economy,
- o the development and implementation of the Company's long term business goals,
- o federal, state, and local regulatory environment,
- o lack of demand for the Company's services,
- o the ability of the Company's customers to perform services similar to those offered by the Company "in-house,"
- o potential cost containment by the Company's customers resulting in fewer research and development projects,
- o The Company's ability to receive accreditation to provide various services, including, but not limited to paternity testing,
- o The Company's ability to hire and retain highly skilled employees,

Other risks, uncertainties, and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected are detailed from time to time in reports filed by the company with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including Forms 8-K, 10-QSB, and 10-KSB.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is not currently involved in any legal proceedings.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

From April 1, 1999 through June 30, 1999, the Company spent approximately \$848,975 of the net proceeds of its initial public offering as follows: (1) \$202,581 on capital expenditures, (2) \$154,492 for the development of the Company's new laboratory facility, (3) \$94,366 on marketing, (4) \$22,682 on sales, (5) \$22,616 on consulting fees for HepArrest, (6) on facility/bond expenditures \$ 66,690 and (7) \$285,547 on production operating expenses. The remaining proceeds are invested in an interest-bearing account at a commercial bank.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On April 15, 1999, the Company held its Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The following were the results of the meeting:

(1) The shareholders elected Robert B. Harris, Ph.D. and Peter C. Einselen as Class II directors to serve until the Company's Annual Meeting of

Shareholders in 2002 or until their successors are elected and shall have qualified. The votes were as follows:

Director	Votes Cast For	Votes Cast Against	Votes Withheld / Broker Non-Votes
Robert B. Harris, Ph.D.	986,849		12,600
Peter C. Einselen	986,849		12,600

(2) The shareholders elected George F. Allen as a Class III director to serve until the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders in 2001 or until his successor is elected and shall have qualified. The votes were as follows:

Director	Votes Cast For	Votes Cast Against	Votes Withheld / Broker Non-Votes
George F. Allen	985,545		14,600

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(3) The shareholders of the Company ratified the appointment of McGladrey & Pullen, LLP as independent auditors of the Company for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1999. The votes were as follows:

Votes Cast For	Votes Cast Against	Votes Withheld / Broker Non-Votes
983,545	3,700	12,504

The following individuals' terms as directors of the Company continued after the meeting:

Director Name	Class	Term Expires
Thomas R. Reynolds	I	2001
Richard J. Freer, Ph.D.	III	2000
Raymond H. Cypress, D.V.M., Ph.D.	I	2001

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits.

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (1)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws (1)
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate (1)
4.2	Form of Underwriter's Warrant, as amended (1)
4.3	Form of Management Warrant, as amended (1)
4.4	Indenture of Trust by and between the Virginia Small Business Financing Authority and Crestar Bank relating to the issuance of industrial revenue bonds for the benefit of the Company (2)
10.1	Placement Agreement by and between the Company and Anderson & Strudwick, Incorporated (1)
10.2	Warrant Agreement between the Company and Anderson & Strudwick, Incorporated (1)
10.3	Warrant Agreement between the Company and Richard J. Freer, as amended (1)
10.4	Warrant Agreement between the Company and Thomas R. Reynolds, as amended (1)
10.5	Warrant Agreement between the Company and Robert B. Harris, as amended (1)
10.6	Employment Agreement for Richard J. Freer (1)
10.7	Employment Agreement for Thomas R. Reynolds (1)

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10.8	Employment Agreement for Robert B. Harris (1)
10.9	Executive Severance Agreement for Richard J. Freer (1)
10.10	Executive Severance Agreement for Thomas R. Reynolds (1)
10.11	Executive Severance Agreement for Robert B. Harris (1)
10.12	1997 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended (1)
10.13	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement (1)

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- (1) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2, Registration No. 333-31731, as amended.
 - (2) Incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated April 6, 1998, File No. 001-13467.
 - (3) Filed herewith.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

During the fiscal period ended June 30, 1999, the Company filed one Current Report on Form 8-K, dated May 17, 1999, announcing the appointment of Raymond H. Cypress to the Company's Board of Directors.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMMONWEALTH BIOTECHNOLOGIES, INC.

By: /s/ James H. Brennan

James H. Brennan
Controller

August 13, 1999

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FOR JUNE 30, 1999 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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